

**4.—Total Areas, National and Provincial Parks, by Provinces and Territories**

Province or Territory	National	Provincial	Total
	sq. miles	sq. miles	sq. miles
Newfoundland.....	—	42·00	42·00
Prince Edward Island.....	7·00	—	7·00
Nova Scotia.....	390·61	—	390·61
New Brunswick.....	79·63	—	79·63
Quebec.....	0·33 <sup>1</sup>	10,652·73	10,653·06 <sup>1</sup>
Ontario.....	11·73	5,210·17	5,221·90
Manitoba.....	1,148·08	—	1,148·08
Saskatchewan.....	1,496·00	1,685·13 <sup>2</sup>	3,181·13 <sup>2</sup>
Alberta.....	20,718·00	13·49	20,731·49
British Columbia.....	1,671·00	14,071·39	15,742·39
Yukon.....	—	—	—
Northwest Territories.....	3,625·00	—	3,625·00
<b>Canada</b> .....	<b>29,147·38</b>	<b>31,674·91</b>	<b>60,822·29</b>

<sup>1</sup> Not including area of Gatineau Park, 25 square miles in extent (see p. 18).  
Nipawin and Lac La Ronge unsurveyed lands, 1,392 square miles in extent.

<sup>2</sup> Includes

**Section 4.—Game, Game Laws and Fishery Regulations**

*Game and Game Fish.*—The resources of Canada from the standpoints of the sportsman and tourist are both unique and varied. In the wooded and unsettled areas of Eastern Canada there are moose, deer, bear, and smaller game, while in the western part there are also caribou, wapiti, mountain sheep, mountain goat and grizzly bear. Mountain lion or cougar are found in British Columbia and in the mountains of Alberta, while in the northwest and far north there still exist herds of buffalo and musk-ox that are given absolute protection by the Federal Government.

Ruffed grouse or "partridge" are found in the wooded areas of Canada from coast to coast. Sharp-tail grouse or "prairie chicken" inhabit the open prairies and the partly timbered areas of the three mid-western provinces. The Franklin grouse is native to the mountains of the west; ptarmigan, or Arctic grouse, live in the treeless northern plains and are found also in the high mountains of Alberta and British Columbia.

Canada, particularly Western Canada, is the breeding-ground of most of the waterfowl in North America. These birds spend the winter chiefly in the southern United States and Mexico, and migrate to Canada in the spring. Whistling swans